



Focus

Grammar: Possessive adjectives

Usage: Completing an email



Date: _____

Time allowed: 10 minutes

Grammar

A Candy is talking to her classmate, Sally. Circle the correct answers.

Suggested time: 2 minutes

Candy: Hi, Sally. What is in (1) (your / my) bag?

Sally: It is (2) (my / your) new T-shirt. Let me show you.

Candy: (3) (Its / Their) colour is very nice.

Sally: It is from a shop near (4) (our / its) school.

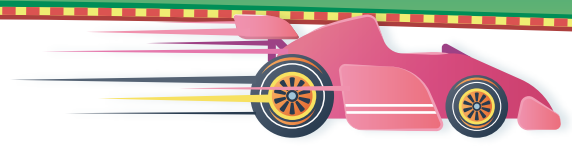
Candy: Let me ask (5) (my / their) mother to buy me a T-shirt too.



B Candy and Tony are talking about their classmates. Fill in the blanks with the given words. Suggested time: 3 minutes

his her their

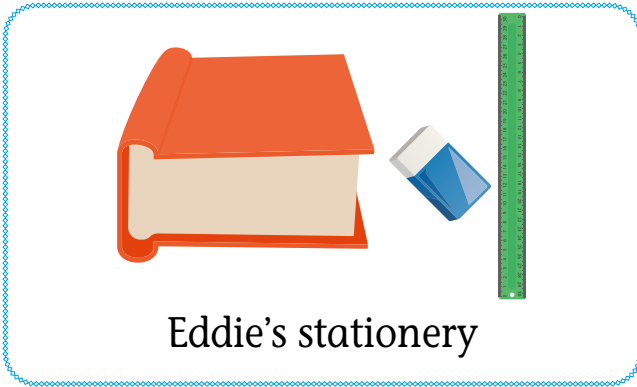
- Mabel has a baby sister. She loves _____ sister.
- Eddie has a new toy car. He likes _____ toy car very much.
- Look! There are two boys. Do you know _____ names?
- Jane is six years old. _____ sister is ten years old.
- Jimmy and Ben are doing _____ homework.



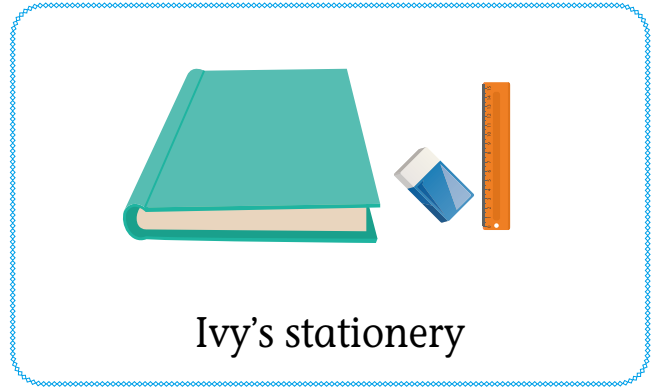
Usage

G Eddie is writing a note to his mother. Complete his note with the given words.

Suggested time: 5 minutes



Eddie's stationery



Ivy's stationery

thin	short	thick	big
small	long	green	orange

Mum,

Ivy and I have the following stationery:

Erasers: My eraser is (1) _____. Ivy's eraser is (2) _____.

Rulers: I have a (3) _____ ruler. Ivy has a (4) _____ ruler.

Notebooks: My notebook is 🏆 (5) _____.

Ivy's notebook is 🏆 (6) _____.

Please don't mix them up.

Eddie



C5 & 6 Remember to use 'and' to join the two adjectives.



Reading

Mabel is reading some riddles. Read the riddles.

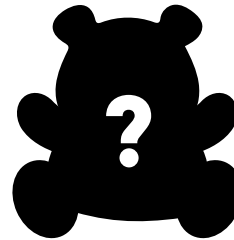
Riddle A

I am a kind of fruit.
I grow on the ground.
I am large and round.
I am red and green.
What am I?



Riddle B

I live in Ocean Park.
I am big and cute.
I am black and white.
What am I?



Riddle C

I come from a hen.
I am white and yellow.
What am I?



A Choose the best answer by blackening the circle. Suggested time: 3 minutes

1. Read Riddle A, which word rhymes with 'round'?

- A. fruit
- B. large
- C. ground
- D. green



A1 A rhyme is a word that has the same last sound as another word.



3. Who does not follow the rules of the country park?



A.



B.



C.



D.

B Give short answers to the questions. Suggested time: 4 minutes

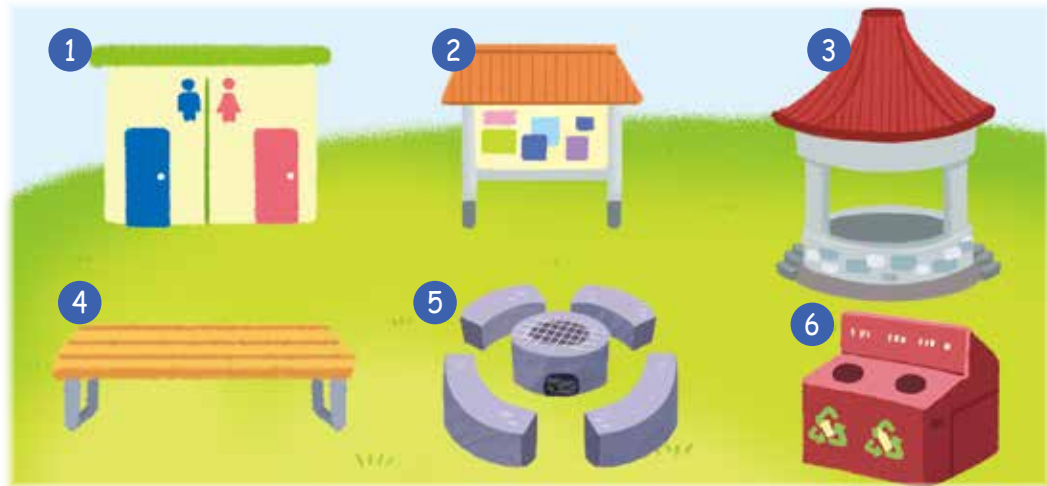
1. What is the name of the country park?

2. Where can Sally know more about the country park?

Vocabulary _____

C Help Sally label the things in the country park. Suggested time: 3 minutes

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|---------|
| barbecue pit | bench | toilets |
| rubbish bin | noticeboard | shelter |



1. _____ 2. A _____ 3. A _____

4. A _____ 5. A _____ 6. A _____

Smart Tip B2 'to know more about' means to get more information about.



Integrated Test 2

Date:

Time allowed: 30 minutes

Test Content


- Revision on Drills 6 to 10
- Writing about a pet

Reading (24 marks)

Sally and her family are at the zoo. Look at the picture and read the notice.



A Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

 Suggested time: 4 minutes

1. What can Sally see in the pond?

(2 marks)

- A. frogs
- B. fish
- C. hippos
- D. ducks

Notice to Visitors

- Do not feed the animals.
- Do not bring any pets.
- Keep the place clean.
- You can take photos of the animals.
- You can bring and eat your own food inside.

Possessive adjectives (1) Drill 1

用**所有格形容詞 (possessive adjective)** 來講述物件的擁有者。

主語代名詞 (subject pronoun)	所有格形容詞 (possessive adjective)
I	my
you	your
we	our
they	their
he	his
she	her
it	its

e.g. Terry has a bag. **His** bag (=Terry's bag) is green.
The cat has a tail. **Its** tail (=The cat's tail) is long.

Quick Drills for English Exams (Power Up Edition) 1B

Describing people and things Drill 3

用**形容詞 (adjective)** 來描述人物、動物和物件。

- ◆ 放在動詞 be (am / is / are) 後
e.g. Mr Lee is tall.
- ◆ 放在名詞前
e.g. Eddie has a long ruler.
- ◆ 形容詞沒有複數，即使名詞是複數，**形容詞**亦不變。
e.g. My eyes are brown.
Her shoes are small.

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and (2) Drill 3

◆ 用 **and** 連接句子

e.g. Sharon likes grapes. Louis likes bananas.

→ Sharon likes grapes **and** Louis likes bananas.

◆ 當講述三個或以上的項目時，可使用**逗號 (,)** 來分隔各項目，並在最後的項目前加上 **and**

e.g. There are an apple, a pear **and** a peach on the table.

Annie has a blue dress, a purple skirt **and** a pink T-shirt.

當講述兩個項目時，**and** 前不用加逗號

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Can / cannot Drill 6

用 **can / cannot** 來講述能力。

◆ **can / cannot** 後接原形動詞

e.g. I can swim.

She cannot dance.

◆ 用 **can** 開首問句詢問某人有沒有能力做某事

e.g. Q: Can he play the piano?

A: Yes, he can. / No, he cannot.

◆ 用 **What** 詢問某人或動物能夠做甚麼

e.g. Q: What can you see?

A: I can see a panda.

Quick Drills for English Exams (Power Up Edition) 1B



目錄

文法 Grammar

常犯錯誤大解構

1

閱讀理解 Reading

答題策略

3

詞彙 Vocabulary

鞏固學習

6

寫作 Writing

重點技巧

8

答案

10

1 所有格形容詞 **Possessive adjectives**

- ✘ Look! There are two boys. Do you know they names?
- ✔ Look! There are two boys. Do you know their names?

解構

name (名字) 是名詞，所以需要填上所有格形容詞；前面句子提及 two boys (兩個男孩)，可推斷是問他們的名字，因此答案是 **their**。

向扣分 say NO!

留意 **Its** (它的) 和 **It's** (這是 / 它是) 的分別。

Its tail is long.

It's our dog. (It's = It is)

2 How many, There is / There are

1. ✘ How many cow are there?
- ✔ How many cows are there?
2. ✘ There is two cows.
- ✔ There are two cows.

解構

在 How many 後要用複數名詞，因此題 1 的答案是 **How many cows**；題 2 中的 two cows (兩頭牛) 是複數名詞，所以應用 **There are**。

向扣分 say NO!

- There 後面不可接 has / have。

✘ **There has** a cat.

✔ **There is** a cat.

✘ **There have** two cats.

✔ **There are** two cats.

- There is 的縮寫是 There's，但 There are 沒有縮寫。

✘ **There're** ten ducks.

✔ **There are** ten ducks.