


Word Power

Carson is looking at a website about different jobs. How do the people describe themselves? Finish what they think about with the adjectives in the cloud on P.9.

Jobs in Our City

I am **1** _____.
I take care of the passengers.
I need to make sure that they
have everything they need.



I am **2** _____.
I always have new ideas for
designing different kinds
of clothes.



I am **3** _____.
I talk with people with
difficulties, listen to them
and try to help them.



I am **4** _____.
I learn about things around me
by doing experiments. I try to
explore the unknown world.



I am **5** _____.
I work in dangerous places
to save people and animals.





Date: _____

attentive

brave

calm

charming

creative

curious

hard-working

outgoing

patient

sociable

I am **6** _____.
I have meetings with different kinds of customers and ask them to do business with me.



I am **8** _____.
I take tourists to visit various tourist spots. I need to chat a lot with them too.



I am **7** _____.
I go to different places every day to report news for newspaper. I work for long hours.



I am **9** _____.
When I perform on the stage, I need to look attractive so that people will look at my clothes.



I am **10** _____.
In my job, I must not be nervous. When people are hurt, I need to help them with my first aid knowledge immediately.





Vocabulary Booster

Suffixes

We often add **-ist**, **-er**, and **-or** to words to form the names of jobs. We call them **suffixes**.

-ist	-er	-or
artist	reporter	actor
scientist	waiter	editor
guitarist	fire fighter	inventor
pianist	fashion designer	sailor

Fill in the blanks with the correct names of jobs from the table above.

- 1 Kenny is a famous _____. He performs in many dramas and has a lot of fans around the world.
- 2 Peter is a _____, who studies physics and does many experiments.
- 3 Mr Chan is a/an _____. He helps publish books.
- 4 Edward wants to be a _____ and work on a ship in the future.
- 5 Dora is a _____. She practises piano every day.
- 6 Beatrice loves painting and drawing. She wants to be an _____ when she grows up.
- 7 Joe is a friendly _____. He always smiles at customers when taking their orders in the restaurant.





Jenny is reading an article about tsunami in a magazine. Read the article.

Tsunami Facts

What is a tsunami?

Many people enjoy going to the beach during the summer and playing in the waves. Yet, waves can be very dangerous sometimes. Very large waves can be taller than many houses and buildings. They can even flood and damage coastal towns or cities. We call these huge waves 'tsunamis', which is a Japanese word.

Why does a tsunami happen?

A tsunami can be extremely large. It is usually caused by an underwater earthquake or a volcanic eruption. The shaking on the seafloor can lead to a great movement of water. Large amounts of sand are shifted on the ocean floor so very large waves are created. These waves can move quickly and for long distances. Some tsunamis keep moving in one direction for hundreds of kilometres until they hit land.

Why is a tsunami harmful?

A tsunami does not crash on the beach like a normal wave. It hits towns or cities that are near the ocean instead. Tsunamis are so powerful that they can wash millions of litres of water onto the land. Flooding will occur and cause damage to the cities. Also, buildings will likely be destroyed by the strong energy of waves.



When did the largest tsunami occur?

The largest tsunami ever happened in 1958 in Lituya Bay in the USA. A strong earthquake caused a landslide of rocks from the mountain near the ocean. The rocks fell from the hills hit the water, forming a giant wave. The tsunami was around 524 metres tall. It was taller than the largest skyscraper in Hong Kong! Luckily, this area was far from any large towns or cities so serious damage did not occur.

Vocabulary

coastal (adj.)
shift (v.)

underwater (adj.)
landslide (n.)

volcanic eruption (n.)
skyscraper (n.)

seafloor (n.)



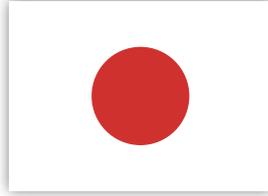
Date: _____

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

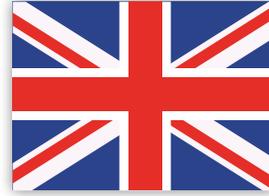
13 Which country named tsunamis?



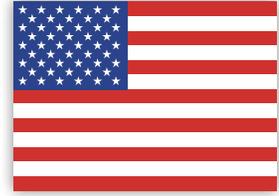
A.



B.



C.



D.

14 Which of the following can cause a tsunami?



A.



B.



C.



D.

15 When a tsunami occurs, _____.

- A. the water flows in all directions
- B. only small buildings are damaged
- C. typhoon may also happen
- D. flooding may also happen

Are these sentences true (T) or false (F) about the tsunami in 1958 in Lituya Bay?
Write 'T' or 'F' in the blanks.

16 It was the first tsunami in the world. _____

17 No houses or buildings were destroyed because of it. _____

Answer the questions in complete sentences.

18 How far can some tsunamis travel before they hit land?

19 Is a tsunami similar to a normal wave? Give reasons to support your answer.

