

3

Prepositions of Position & Movement

Betsy, this postcard is from the moon! Look at the sender's address!



The sender lives **in** Moon Street, not **on** the moon. Wear your glasses when you read!



Let's Learn!

We use prepositions of position (e.g. at, in, on) to talk about where someone or something is.

at	in	on	other prepositions of position
at Disneyland, at a party, at 10 King's Road, at Super Sports Shop, at home, at school, at work, at university, at the entrance, at the taxi stand, at the airport	in the room, in the sea, in Europe, in the UK, in Beijing, in Sha Tin, in bed, in a car, in Moon Street, in hospital, in space, in the corridor, in a flat, in the newspaper, in the mountains	on the shelf, on the third floor, on Lamma Island, on the bed, on the train, on the balcony, on Earth, on the Internet, on TV, on the farm, on the cable car, on King's Road, on the mountain	in the middle of, in the corner of, to the right/left of, opposite, beside, on top of, above, behind, around, below, between

A Fill in the blanks with at, in or on.

Marks: ____ /14

- _____ Malaysia, there are numerous mountains and beaches. Are you bored of city life? Try living _____ an island. You can stay _____ a cabin _____ the mountains and swim with colourful fish _____ the sea. What a great way to connect with nature! Don't sit _____ home any more. Take action now! Book tickets _____ the Internet.
- We had a lot of fun _____ Walt Disney World yesterday. I met many characters that I saw _____ films. _____ the gift store, there were many products _____ the shelves. At last, I bought a Thor hammer and an Elsa postcard. They were for my friends _____ Hong Kong. I wrote about my day _____ the postcard and posted it _____ the Disney post office.



Vocabulary

numerous (adj.)

cabin (n.)

connect (v.)



Let's Learn !

We use prepositions of movement to show how someone or something moves.



B Fill in the blanks with the prepositions in the box.

Marks: _____ /11

along around away from out of at down in into up over past towards

Travelling in Brighton



Welcome to Brighton, the old-time town tourist spot

- 1 _____ England. Take a carriage and get off at Brighton Station. When you get 2 _____ the carriage, you will see the bell tower standing tall. For people who are not afraid of heights, you can climb 3 _____ the tower and look at the view from the top. Walking 4 _____ Carson Street, you can find different stores selling snacks and souvenirs. 5 _____ the end of Carson Street, there is an old well. Once upon a time, there was a legend that a lady fell 6 _____ the well by accident. People who are scared of ghosts should stay 7 _____ the well. Brave people can go 8 _____ the well and look 9 _____. There is a wooden bridge in front of the well. You need to go 10 _____ the bridge to cross the river. Then, you will find the Brighton Farmland with fields of vegetables. After you pay the entrance fee, you can walk 11 _____ the fields and pick up the vegetables.

7

Present Perfect Tense (1)

Dinny, your bed sheet looks so dirty!



Yes ... I **haven't changed** my bed sheet **yet**. I always fall asleep right away when I go near my bed!



Let's Learn!



Mason's Tips



We use the present perfect tense to talk about:

- an action which was completed a short time ago
e.g. Mr Chan **has just arrived** home from work.
- the present result of a past action
e.g. The students **have already had** lunch.
- an action which started in the past, and has continued to the present
e.g. Jenny **has been** a teacher **for** 20 years.

Key Words

just already yet for since ever never How long
How many times once before

Remember!

Statements in the Present Perfect Tense:

I / You / We / They	have	just	finished	the housework.
He / She / It	has			

the past participle form of verbs

e.g. pack → packed try → tried
be → been break → broken

I / You / We / They	have	not	grown	a plant yet.
He / She / It	has			

- have not = haven't
- has not = hasn't

A Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

Marks: ____ /10

- 1 My mum _____ already _____ (finish) the household chores. She _____ already _____ (do) the laundry and I _____ already _____ (hang) out the washing.
- 2 We _____ just _____ (have) breakfast, so we _____ (not clean) the table yet.
- 3 Grandpa _____ (not sweep) the floor and Grandma _____ (not water) her plants yet. They _____ just _____ (go) to a Chinese restaurant to enjoy dim sum.
- 4 Dad is tired because he _____ just _____ (walk) our dog in the park. Our dog _____ just _____ (drink) a lot of water. It must be exhausted from the walk too.



Vocabulary

household chore (n.) laundry (n.) exhausted (adj.)



Remember!

For many irregular verbs, their simple past and past participle forms are different. However, for certain irregular verbs, their simple past and past participle forms are the same.

Simple Past	Past Participle
had	had
found	found
swept	swept
built	built

Simple Past	Past Participle
ate	eaten
fell	fallen
flew	flown
broke	broken

B Complete the text messages with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

Marks: _____ /14

Mum

Justin, what **1** _____ you _____ (do) right now? Are you busy?

No, I **2** _____ (not be) busy. I **3** _____ just _____ (do) my homework.

Can you help wash the dishes?

Oh, Dad **4** _____ just _____ (wash) the dishes.

Then, you can tidy your room.

I **5** _____ (tidy) my room and **6** _____ (put) away all my things last night, Mum.

Also, I **7** _____ (mop) the floor already.

That's good. Please take care of your sister. She **8** _____ (not feel) so well.

Jenny **9** _____ already _____ (eat) lunch but she **10** _____ (not take) the medicine yet. She **11** _____ (nap) at the moment. What should I do?

She can't swallow the pills. She only takes the cough syrup but I **12** _____ (not buy) it yet. I **13** _____ (shop) for groceries after work today.

Actually, I can help. I am going to go to the library soon. I **14** _____ (buy) the cough syrup on my way home.

Thanks, Justin. You're a great help!

13 Fixing Common Errors (1)

Prepositions Common Error 1

Remember to use 'at' before 'road number + road name', but 'on' before 'road name'.

✗ Angel Café is **on** 8 Hennessy Road.

✓ Angel Café is **at** 8 Hennessy Road.

✗ Super Shopping Mall is **at** Des Voeux Road West.

✓ Super Shopping Mall is **on** Des Voeux Road West.

Prepositions Common Error 2

Remember to use 'at' instead of 'in' before 'the end of'.

✗ **In** the end of the film, the firemen died.

✓ **At** the end of the film, the firemen died.

A Fill in the blanks with the prepositions in the box.

Marks: _____ /27

at by down for in off on out up

Aunt May lives ① _____ Kowloon Bay. Her building is ② _____ 23 Sheung Yee Road. It is very close to her office ③ _____ Kai Lee Road. There is a Thai restaurant ④ _____ the end of the street where she often goes ⑤ _____ lunch. Aunt May doesn't work ⑥ _____ weekends. 'You can visit me ⑦ _____ Saturday or Sunday. We can have lunch together ⑧ _____ the Thai restaurant!' she often says.

I live ⑨ _____ Hong Kong Island and I don't travel to Kowloon often. Yesterday, I decided to go to Kowloon Bay to call ⑩ _____ Aunt May. 'I'll wait for you ⑪ _____ Kowloon Bay MTR Station ⑫ _____ noon,' she said. I noted ⑬ _____ the route so that I would know where to change stations, but I lost the note ⑭ _____ the crowded platform. Then, there were many people ⑮ _____ the train so I couldn't see outside. When I heard the broadcast say 'Kowloon Bay Station', I ran ⑯ _____ of the train hurriedly. I didn't see Aunt May, so I called her ⑰ _____. 'I'm sitting ⑱ _____ a bench ⑲ _____ the end of the platform. Just keep ⑳ _____ walking towards platform 1, pass ㉑ _____ the escalator and you will see me,' she said. I walked to platform 1 to look ㉒ _____ her, but she wasn't there. Then, I saw the sign 'Kowloon Tong' and burst ㉓ _____ laughing. It turned ㉔ _____ that I misheard the broadcast and got ㉕ _____ the train at the wrong station. Luckily, the MTR was fast. ㉖ _____ the end, I met Aunt May ㉗ _____ 12:15 p.m. We went to the Thai restaurant together.

Tenses
Common Error 3

Don't use 'already' in questions in the present perfect tense. Use 'yet' instead.

- ✗ Have you roasted the chicken already? ✓ Have you roasted the chicken yet?

Tenses
Common Error 4

Don't use 'not' in sentences with 'never'.

- ✗ The baby has never not eaten ice cream. ✓ The baby has never eaten ice cream.

Tenses
Common Error 5

We can use either a gerund or a to-infinitive after 'like'. We use 'like + gerund' to talk about what we enjoy doing. We use 'like + to-infinitive' to talk about our choices or habits.

- ✓ My family and I like hiking in Sai Kung. ✓ I like to take a bath after I wake up.

B There is one mistake in each line. Find the mistakes and correct them. Follow the examples below.

Marks: _____ /9

e.g. She has got on the bus yet.

Has Lily ever ~~not~~ ridden a horse?

I like go to the beach when it is hot and sunny.

already

not

to

Sean: Have you decided what to drink already?

May: No, I hasn't. Let's look at the menu.

Sean: Have you ever tried Thai milk tea yet? It's popular.

May: I have never not tried Thai milk tea before. I'll order it!

Sean: I don't like milk very much. I like drink something sour at lunch.

May: How about a lime soda? Many customers like to ordering it.

Sean: OK, I'll have that. After lunch, will we walk around the park nearby?

The weather was so nice today.

May: Sure! I love see the flowers there. They are beautiful.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____
- 9 _____

16 Past Continuous Tense (2)

Betsy, I **was climbing** a tree **when** a bee stung me! It hurt!



Oh, I didn't do it! I **was collecting** honey **while** you **were climbing** the tree.

Let's Learn!



We use the past continuous tense to talk about:

- **two long actions** that were happening at the same time in the past

e.g. Ann **was reading** a book **while** her dad **was watching** TV.



- **a shorter action** that happened **in the middle of a longer action** in the past

e.g. Ann **was reading** a book **when** her dad **came** home.



longer action
(past continuous tense)

shorter action
(simple past tense)

Key Words

while when

A Complete the news report with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

Marks: ____ /14

Car Accident Injured Three People

There was a car accident on Ma On Shan Road yesterday afternoon. Three people including the car driver and two pedestrians got injured. Paramedics **1** _____ (send) them to Sha Tin Hospital. Their injuries **2** _____ (not be) serious.

At 4:30 p.m. yesterday, a man **3** _____ (drive) home. According to the car video, he **4** _____ (text) on his phone when the car **5** _____ (stop) at the traffic light. Then, he **6** _____ (make) a left turn distractedly when the light turned green. The car **7** _____ (come) to a stop when it **8** _____ (hit) a pole.

A woman and a child **9** _____ (walk) on the sidewalk when the car **10** _____ (crash) into the pole. The loud sound of the crash shocked them. They **11** _____ (run) away from the car when they **12** _____ (fall) onto the ground. The woman **13** _____ (scrape) her knees and elbows. The child **14** _____ (break) his arm.

B There is one mistake in each line. Find the mistakes and correct them. Follow the examples below.

Marks: _____ /21

e.g. I was ate a cake when I found pieces of eggshell in it.

When John was swimming while I was doing warm up exercises.

Dad was driving to work the car broke down.

eating

When

when

Granny: Hello, Sarah. Did you had an accident this morning? Are you OK?

Sarah: Hi, Granny. I'm fine, don't be worry. This morning, I wanted to make breakfast. Mum and Dad were working while the accident happened.

I was making a ham and cheese sandwich when I was cut my fingers.

I was singing while I cooking. I was too careless so I hurt myself.

Granny: You must be careful. Always looked at what you're doing. Last week,

I was mopping the floor Grandpa was watching TV. I only looked at the TV for a few seconds and then I banging my knee. I

did not make the same mistake again next time.

Sarah: Yes, you're right, Granny. I am already learned a lesson.

Granny: How are your fingers? Do they still bleeding at the moment? Do you want me come over and check on you?

Sarah: I am fine, Granny. I have just putted plasters on them.

Granny: That's good. It's time for me to hang up. I going to visit the clinic soon.

My doctor's appointment is at 1 p.m. I was want to be punctual.

Sarah: Is Grandpa go to the clinic with you later?

Granny: No, he will. I will go by myself.

Sarah: I have finished all my homework yesterday. I'm free and bored now.

I can goes with you.

Granny: Thank you, Sarah. Let's meeting at the bus station at 12 noon.

Sarah: No problem. Seeing you there.

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19

20

21



Vocabulary

Granny (n.)

mistake (n.)

appointment (n.)

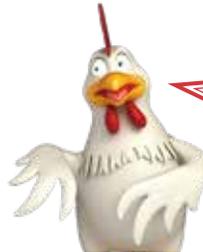
17

Adjectives + Prepositions

Hania, I'm **brilliant** at eating sushi. I've already eaten 30 plates of sushi.



Wow! I'm **astonished** by your ability to eat!



Let's Learn!

Hania's Tips



We can put a preposition after an adjective to express certain meanings.

brilliant	at	在(某方面)表現出色
delighted		對……感到高興
shocked		對……感到震驚
skilful		在(某方面)熟練

excited	about	對……感到興奮
sorry		對……感到抱歉
nervous		對……感到緊張
worried		對……感到擔心

capable	of	有能力做(某事)
frightened		對……感到害怕
scared		對……感到厭倦
tired		對……感到厭倦

careful	with	(做某事時)表現小心
crowded		擠滿(某事/人)
familiar		對……熟悉
patient		對……有耐性

A Fill in the blanks with **at**, **about**, **of** or **with**.

Marks: _____ /10

- Paul is brilliant _____ writing sci-fi stories and he is capable _____ coming up with the most surprising plots. We all think that he **deserves** to win the Young Writers Award.
- The fair is crowded _____ children. They are all excited _____ the rides. The merry-go-round is for children who are frightened _____ heights. **Fearless** children who are not scared _____ anything can try the roller coaster.
- Having a Korean mother, Jennie is familiar _____ Korean culture. She is skilful _____ making kimchi as well. Last week she taught me how to make kimchi kimbap. She was patient _____ me even though I was **clumsy**. In the end, I was delighted _____ my dish as it didn't taste awful.



Vocabulary

deserve (v.)

fearless (adj.)

clumsy (adj.)

 **Let's Learn!**

amazed	by	對……感到驚奇
astonished		對……感到驚訝
surprised		

famous	for	在(某方面)出名的
ready		準備好做(某事)
well known		在(某方面)著名的

experienced	in	在(某方面)有經驗
interested		對……有興趣
slow		在(某方面)表現慢

equal	to	相等於
similar		與……相似
used		過去慣常

B Complete the advice column with the prepositions in the box.

Marks: _____ /13

by for in of to

**Margret's
Advice Column**



I am a social worker experienced **1** _____ children and teenagers' problems. You are welcome to send your questions to my inbox. I will answer them in this column.

Q: I have been interested **7** _____ magic tricks since I was four. I feel amazed **8** _____ magic shows so I want to be a magician when I grow up. However, my sister thinks it is stupid to think so.

A: Practise hard on your magic tricks and perform them to your sister. Maybe she will be astonished **9** _____ your skills!

Q: Next month, I'm going to a new school but I'm not ready **2** _____ it at all. I'm so afraid **3** _____ a new environment and I'm slow **4** _____ making friends.

A: I was similar **5** _____ you when I was young. I used to sit alone and stay quiet. But trust me, new things aren't equal **6** _____ bad things. Try to be more outgoing and chat with your new schoolmates.

Q: My friend is going to hold her birthday party at Partyland. Partyland is famous **10** _____ its beautiful decorations and delicious cakes. I'm so jealous **11** _____ her but my family isn't able to pay for such an expensive party.

A: A birthday isn't about the decorations or the cake. The love from family and friends is the most important **12** _____ us. Feel grateful **13** _____ the things you have and don't compare yourself to others.

18

Gerunds & To-infinitives

You can't **use** your hands to **play** football unless you're the goalkeeper.



It's OK. I can score a goal **by using** my tail!

Let's Learn!

We form gerunds by adding 'ing' to the end of verbs. e.g. 'collect' + 'ing' = **collecting**

Gerund

We put gerunds in these places in a sentence:

before verbs (as the subject)	after certain verbs	after prepositions
	enjoy like love hate prefer start finish spend quit keep go	on in at for about of up off by with after
Hiking is my interest. Gerund ↑ Verb ↑	Donald preferred visiting Korea. Verb ↑ Gerund ↑	Kettles are used for boiling water. Preposition ↑ Gerund ↑

A Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

Marks: ____ /12

- Lisa _____ (enjoy / jog) in the morning at weekends. She usually _____ (start / jog) at 8 a.m.
- Kenny _____ (not like / play) basketball but he _____ (love / watch) basketball games on TV.
- Josh feels angry because his **opponent** cheats. Right now, he _____ (complain about / lose) the competition to the **referee**.
- Philip used to be a **professional** swimmer, but he _____ (quit / swim) two years ago. After _____ (injure) his back badly, he had to retire.
- We _____ (go / hike) tomorrow. I _____ (look forward to / breathe) the fresh air in the mountains. Minnie will bring her new camera. It _____ (be used for / take) wide shot photos at the mountaintop.
- _____ (skate) is my new hobby. ' _____ (not be scared of / fall). That's the first thing you need to learn,' my tutor said to me.



Vocabulary

opponent (n.) referee (n.) professional (adj.)



Let's Learn!



We form to-infinitives by putting 'to' before the base form of a verb. e.g. 'to' + 'collect' = **to collect**

We put to-infinitives in these places in a sentence:

To-infinitive

after most verbs	after 'verb + object'	after most adjectives
wish decide hope plan agree refuse promise need learn want	tell ask allow advise	excited disappointed afraid angry scared
Annie is learning to play ice hockey. ↑ Verb ↑ To-infinitive	Dad told me to take more rest. ↑ Verb ↑ Object ↑ To-infinitive	I was upset to hear the news. ↑ Adjective ↑ To-infinitive

B Complete the blog entry with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

Marks: _____ /15

<http://www.myblog.com/larry0526/post22>

The Football Championship posted on 24th May, 20XX

The Primary School Football Championship ① _____ (start) three days ago. Since last month, our team ② _____ (begin) our extra training. ③ _____ (kick) the football is not difficult, but it is difficult ④ _____ (pass) it to your teammates correctly. It's also important that we avoid ⑤ _____ (make) mistakes. Therefore, we work hard on ⑥ _____ (improve) our skills.

Yesterday, our team finished ⑦ _____ (play) our first match in the championship. My cousin came ⑧ _____ (support) me. She ⑨ _____ (cheer) for us loudly while we ⑩ _____ (run) around the football field. It was a tie but it was a good game. I was so tired that my eyes kept ⑪ _____ (close) on the bus ride home.

Next week, we ⑫ _____ (have) a match against Tai Po Primary School. We all hope ⑬ _____ (win) the match. Our coach ⑭ _____ (plan) a new training method for us at the moment. I can't wait ⑮ _____ (find) out what it is!



A Change the following sentences into indirect speech.

Marks: ____ /12

1 Miss Lam said to Ken, 'Close the door.'

→ _____

2 Dr Lee told me, 'Open your mouth.'

→ _____

3 The children said to Grandpa, 'Don't eat our cake!'

→ _____

4 Bobby told Mum, 'Don't punish me!'

→ _____

5 Mr Lee told Jenny, 'Hand in your homework.'

→ _____

6 Dad said to Tom and me, 'Don't laugh at your sister!'

→ _____

B Fill in the blanks with the prepositions in the box.

Marks: ____ /18

about at for in of on out to with

Leon lost his parents **1** _____ the age of 12, so he lived alone after that. On the street, many people were buying clothes to prepare **2** _____ the cold weather, but Leon did not have money for that. 'Look at that girl **3** _____ her scarf, and the rich children **4** _____ their mittens. Winter is **5** _____ hand. I need a coat but I won't steal. I don't want people to punish me **6** _____ stealing by putting me **7** _____ prison. What can I do?' he thought. Then, he heard two people talking. 'Some clothes in the shop are **8** _____ of fashion. Get rid **9** _____ them,' a man **10** _____ the moustache said. 'Yes, boss,' a lady **11** _____ the vest replied. After the man went away, Leon talked to the lady who was **12** _____ duty in the shop. 'Hello, miss. I need a coat but I cannot pay **13** _____ it. Can you lend one to me, please?' Leon asked politely. 'My boss wants to throw away the clothes but I disagree **14** _____ him. It is so wasteful. I plan to donate them **15** _____ charity **16** _____ secret. You can take some,' the lady said. 'Can I take these to the poor people in the village?' Leon asked. Leon was poor but he was kind **17** _____ heart and truly cared **18** _____ other people. He was a good boy.

C Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

Marks: _____ /15

Leon was delighted that the lady in the shop **1** _____ (let) him take the clothes to his village. He **2** _____ (feel) so grateful to the lady. 'Thank you for your help! I **3** _____ (come) back tomorrow to help you tidy the store,' Leon promised. 'You **4** _____ (be) a good boy. I **5** _____ (see) you later,' the lady said. When Leon **6** _____ (come) home, his neighbours **7** _____ (collect) wood in the forest. He **8** _____ (run) into the forest excitedly and **9** _____ (tell) them the good news about the clothes. 'I **10** _____ never _____ (own) such a nice coat. Thank you, Leon,' Mrs Ross said. 'Last year, I **11** _____ (be) so cold that I almost **12** _____ (die). Luckily, I **13** _____ (not freeze) to death this coming winter!' Mr Wayne said. Everyone **14** _____ (thank) Leon and they all **15** _____ (have) a warm and happy winter.

D There is one mistake in each line. Find the mistakes and correct them. Follow the examples below.

Marks: _____ /13

e.g. John was showering in the bathroom while I was sleep in my room.

Did you join on any school activities last year?

The mug fell onto the floor and shattered into pieces.

sleepingoninto

I joined the writing club for two years. In 2020, I saw a poster of the writing club at school. At that time, I do not know how to write stories but I thought it would be interesting. Mr Ngai is a teacher in thick glasses. He is brilliant at writing and he is the tutor of the club for five years. I can still remember to what he said in the first club meeting. 'Write about something that you love and care with,' he told us. He especially told me read more good books so that I can learn from them. Since that day, I became a bookworm. However, reading a story is different from writing one. I have participated on several writing competitions since last year, but sadly, I have won any yet. 'Keep working on your writing skills. I believe that you can do it! Remember, a good story consists for setting, characters and plot,' Mr Ngai often says. I know it takes time for me to succeed on writing a good story. Therefore, I work harder and write more in the future.

- 1** _____
- 2** _____
- 3** _____
- 4** _____
- 5** _____
- 6** _____
- 7** _____
- 8** _____
- 9** _____
- 10** _____
- 11** _____
- 12** _____
- 13** _____